AGAINST CHILD ABUSE LIMITED REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2024



S. Y. YANG & COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
HONG KONG

AGAINST CHILD ABUSE LIMITED REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2024

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REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBERS FOR 2023/2024

The Executive Committee Members have the pleasure in presenting their annual report and the audited financial statements of the Organisation for the year ended 31st March, 2024.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Organisation during the year were to work for the prevention of all forms of child abuse and child neglect and to make remedial measures when they occurred.

Financial Affairs

The state of the Organisation's affairs at 31st March, 2024 is set out in the statement of financial position on page 7. The statement of income and expenditure and other comprehensive income for the year are set out on pages 8 to 9.

Executive Committee Members

The Executive Committee Members during the year and up to the date of this report were as follows:-

Dr. Patrick Cheung

Mr. James Ng

Mr. Nicholas Jim

Prof. Patrick Ip

Mr. Kwok Ka Keung

Mr. Ying Wan Chong

Dr. Hermia Chiu

Dr. Anna Cheng

Dr. Leung Kit Ting

In accordance with Article 42 and 43 of the Organisation's Articles of Association, one-third of the members of the Committee, or if their number is not a multiple of three then the number nearest to one-third, shall retire by rotation but, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

At no time during the year was the Organisation a party to any arrangements to enable the Executive Committee Members of the Organisation to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in or debentures of any other body corporate.

No contracts of significance to which the Organisation was a party and in which any Executive Committee Members had a material interest subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBERS FOR 2023/2024

Auditors

The financial statements have been audited by Messrs. S. Y. Yang & Company who have kindly consented to serve as Honorary Auditors for the ensuing year.

On Behalf Of The Executive Committee

Patrick Cheung (Dr.)

Chairperson

Hong Kong: 5th August, 2024

S. Y. YANG & COMPANY

Certified Public Accountants



INDEPENDENT HONORARY AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

OF

AGAINST CHILD ABUSE LIMITED

(Incorporated In Hong Kong With Limited Liability)

Report On The Audit Of The Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Against Child Abuse Limited ("the Organisation") set on pages 7 to 27, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31st March, 2024 and the statement of income and expenditure and other comprehensive income, and the statement of cash flow for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Organisation as at 31st March, 2024, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis For Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Organisation in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other Than The Financial Statements And Auditor's Report Thereon

The Executive Committee Members are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

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INDEPENDENT HONORARY AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

OF

AGAINST CHILD ABUSE LIMITED

(Incorporated In Hong Kong With Limited Liability)

Information Other Than The Financial Statements And Auditor's Report Thereon (Cont'd)

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities Of Executive Committee Members And Those Charged With Governance For The Financial Statements

The Executive Committee Members are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the Executive Committee Members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Executive Committee Members are responsible for assessing the Organisation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Executive Committee Members either intend to liquidate the Organisation or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organisation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities For The Audit Of The Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

INDEPENDENT HONORARY AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

OF

AGAINST CHILD ABUSE LIMITED

(Incorporated In Hong Kong With Limited Liability)

Auditor's Responsibilities For The Audit Of The Financial Statements (Cont'd)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also :-

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organisation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Executive Committee Members.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Executive Committee Members' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organisation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organisation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

INDEPENDENT HONORARY AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

AGAINST CHILD ABUSE LIMITED

(Incorporated In Hong Kong With Limited Liability)

Auditor's Responsibilities For The Audit Of The Financial Statements (Cont'd)

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

S. Y. Yang & Company

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Certified Public Accountants (Practiving)

Hong Kong: 5th August, 2024

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2024

	Note	<u>2024</u> HK\$	<u>2023</u> HK\$
Non-current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	8,809,134	8,819,248
Right-of-use assets	4	2,438,598	3,784,391
		11,247,732	12,603,639
Current Assets			
Deposits		142,180	142,180
Accounts receivable		2,438,972	2,746,823
Prepayment		36,070	30,540
Bank balance		16,319,988	6,123,316
Cash balance		13,500	13,000
		18,950,710	9,055,859
Less: Current Liabilities			
		202,193	238,297
Accounts payable Receipt in advance		5,255	15,701
Receipt in advance			
		207,448	253,998
Net Current Assets		18,743,262	8,801,861
Non-Current Liabilities			
Lease liabilities	5	2,509,482	3,884,531
Net Assets		27,481,512	17,520,969
Represented by:			
General fund	6	1,840,454	2,279,633
Specific funds	7	16,831,924	6,422,088
Capital reserve	8	8,809,134	8,819,248
Total Funds And Reserve		27,481,512	17,520,969
Total Fullus Allu Reserve			

Approved and authorised for issue by the Committee of Executive Members on 5th August, 2024.

Patrick Cheung (Dr.)

Executive Committee Member

James Ng (Mr.) Executive Committee Member

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

AGAINST CHILD ABUSE LIMITED STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2024

	Note	<u>2024</u> HK\$	2023 HK\$
Income			
The Community Chest		7,292,600	7,292,600
Social Welfare Department - Lump sum grant - Subvention for rent and rates - Lotteries Fund Block Grant	9	2,700,435 37,520 40,494	2,582,199 37,520 39,051
The HK Jockey Club Charities Trust		1,572,000	1,500,220
Flag day income	10	677,835	892,781
Project income	11	14,925,669	5,801,965
Programme fees		415,468	377,394
Donation - For general purposes		881,177	669,718
Interest income		50,413	14,672
Membership fee		7,400	5,645
Miscellaneous income		73,600	43,978
Total Income		28,674,611	19,257,743

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE AND

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2024

	Note	2024 HK\$		2023 HK\$
Expenditure				
Salaries and allowances	12	11,245,669	1	0,645,516
Administration		652,292		715,441
Rent and rates and building management fe	e	133,965		94,135
Transportation		138,761		124,030
Public education programmes		579,766		566,714
Flag day	10	67,373		86,794
Project expenditure	13	4,604,137		5,967,208
Repair and maintenance		174,992		203,049
Fitting out and equipment				(0.050
- General		123,795		62,872
- Renovation work				219,911
- Lotteries Fund Block Grant	9	40,494		25,186
Staff training and development	12	38,958		18,489
Miscellaneous		67,688		64,991
Depreciation		10,114		10,114
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	4	651,341		650,529
Finance cost		104 500		100 566
- Interest on lease liabilities	4	184,723		192,566
Total Expenditure		18,714,068	1	9,647,545
Total Surplus/(Deficit) Before		0.000.540	,	200 002)
Transfer To Reserves	14	9,960,543	(389,802)
Transfers from/(to) reserves:				
Ms. Eliza Yau Memorial Fund		30,600		5,500
Dr. Patricia Ip Foundation Fund		(10,417,367)		-
The HK Jockey Club Charities Trust Surplu	ıs Fund	(3,753)		159,356
Lotteries Fund Block Grant Surplus Fund		64,931	(13,865)
Social Welfare Department Provident				
Fund Surplus Fund – Snapshot Staff		679	(1,917)
Social Welfare Department Provident				
Fund Surplus Fund – 6.8% and Other Post		(84,926)	(76,670)
Capital Reserve	8	10,114		10,114
Deficit for the year		(439,179)	(307,284)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2024

	<u>2024</u> HK\$	2023 HK\$
Operating activities		
Surplus/(Deficit) from operating activities Depreciation Depreciation of right-of-use assets Interest received Interest on lease liabilities	9,960,543 10,114 651,341 (50,413) 184,723	10,114 650,529 (14,672)
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital Increase in deposits Decrease/(Increase) in accounts receivable (Increase)/Decrease in prepayment Decrease in accounts payable Decrease in receipt in advance	10,756,308 - 307,851 (5,530) (36,104) (10,446)	12,583 (63,227)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	11,012,079	(667,631)
Investing activities		
Interest received	50,413	14,672
Net cash generated from investing activities	50,413	14,672
Financing activities		
Principal portion of lease liabilities	(865,320)	(835,420)
Net cash used in financing activities	(865,320)	(835,420)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at 1st April	10,197,172 6,136,316	(1,488,379) 7,624,695
Cash and cash equivalents at 31st March	16,333,488	6,136,316
Analysis of balance of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at bank Cash in hand	16,319,988 13,500	6,123,316 13,000
	16,333,488	6,136,316

1) General Information

The Organisation is a limited by guarantee company incorporated in Hong Kong. The address of its registered office is Flat 107-108, G/F., Wai Yuen House, Chuk Yuen (North) Estate, Wong Tai Sin, Kowloon. The principal activities of the Organisation were to work for the prevention of all forms of child abuse and child neglect and to make remedial measures when they occurred.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (HKFRSs) which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards (HKASs) and interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (HKICPA), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

2) Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis Of Preparation

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis, except for fair value measurement of certain financial assets.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires committee members to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

b) Recognition Of Income And Expenditure

Income is recognised upon cash received (other than the accounts receivable). Expenditure is recognised when it is incurred.

c) Property, Plant And Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of a property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any direct costs of bringing the property, plant and equipment to its working condition and location. Ongoing repair and maintenance expenses are charged to the income and expenditure statement.

3) Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

c) Property, Plant And Equipment (Cont'd)

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is depreciated over the unexpired of lease terms of land and building.

Fitting out and equipment costs are written off to the statement of comprehensive income and expenditure in the year of purchases.

d) Leased assets

At inception of a contract, the Organisation assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

Where the contract contains lease components and non-lease components, the Organisation has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease compenent for all leases. At the lease commencement date, the Organisation recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. When the Organisation enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Organisation decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term. Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

2) Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

d) Leased assets (Cont'd)

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Organisation's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Organisation will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

e) Cash And Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

f) Revenue Recognition

Government subventions and grants are accounted for on accrual basis.

Donations are accounted for a cash received basis.

Programme and membership fees are recognised in the accounting period to which the fees are related.

Project income is recognised in the accounting period in which the project is completed.

Interest income is accrued using the effective interest method.

g) Staff Cost

i) Mandatory provident fund scheme

Employer's contributions to the Mandatory Provident Fund scheme are charged to the Organisation's statement of income and expenditure for the year.

ii) Short-term employee benefit

Salaries, bonuses, paid annual leave are recognised in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees.

2) Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

h) Related Parties

A party is considered to be related to the Organisation if:-

- the party has the ability, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, to control the company or exercise significant influence over the Organisation in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Organisation and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence;
- ii) the party is an associate of the Organisation;
- iii) the party is a joint venture in which the Organisation is a venture;
- iv) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Organisation or its parent;
- v) the party is a close member of the family of any individual referred to in i) or iv);
- vi) the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in iv) or v); or
- vii) the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of the group, or of any entity that is a related party of the Organisation.

i) Taxation

The Organisation is exempted from Hong Kong profits tax under the provision of Section 88 of the Inland Revenue Ordinance.

i) Operating Lease

Leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets remain with the leasing company are accounted for as operating leases. Payments made under operating lease are charged to the Organisation's statement of income and expenditure account on a straight-line basis over the lease period.

2) Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

k) Impairment Of Assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Organisation reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than it carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised as an expense immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another standard, in which case, the impairment loss is treated as revaluation decrease under that other standard.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increase carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another standard, in which case, the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase under that other standard.

1) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when the Organisation entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets

The Organisation's financial assets include trade and other receivable which classify as subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest method, less allowance for credit loss. A financial asset shall be measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- (a) the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- (b) the contractual terms of financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

2) Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

1) Financial Instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

Derecognition of financial assets occurs when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets expire or are transferred and substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred.

Credit losses are measured at the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Organisation in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Organisation expects to receive).

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities include bank and other borrowings, trade payable and other monetary liabilities. All financial liabilities are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, they are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Financial liabilities are derecognised when they extinguished, i.e. when the obligation is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

Land And Building In HK

3) Property, Plant And Equipment

	Under Long-Term Leas HK\$
Cost	
Balance as at 1/4/2022, 31/3/2023, 1/4/2023 and 31/3/2024	8,948,920
Accumulated Depreciation	
Balance as at 1/4/2022 Charge for the year	119,558 10,114
Balance as at 31/3/2023 and 1/4/2023 Charge for the year	129,672 10,114
Balance as at 31/3/2024	139,786
Net Book Value	
At 31/3/2024	8,809,134
At 31/3/2023	8,819,248

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4) Right-of-use assets

The analysis of the net book value of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset is as follows:

		HK\$
Cost		
At 31/3/2022 Additions Revaluation due to change in interest rate Written-off		4,884,765 1,330,233 35,923 (215,125)
At 31/3/2023 Revaluation due to change in interest rate		6,035,796 93,495
At 31/3/2024		6,129,291
Accumulated depreciation		
At 31/3/2022 Charge for the year Written-off		1,085,626 1,380,904 (215,125)
At 31/3/2023 Charge for the year		2,251,405 1,439,288
At 31/3/2024		3,690,693
Net Book Value		
At 31/3/2024		2,438,598
At 31/3/2023		3,784,391
Disclosure for leases include: -		
	<u>2024</u> HK\$	2023 HK\$
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		
Charge for the year Revaluation due to change in interest rate Subsidised by Fu Tak Iam Foundation Limited	1,439,288 (93,495) (694,452)	
Amount in the statement of income and expenditure	651,341	650,529
Interest on lease liabilities	184,723	192,566

4) Right-of-use assets (Cont'd)

The Organisation entered into lease agreements in respect of premises at four office buildings. All the lease payments are fixed. The leases include an option to renew the lease for an additional period after the end of the contract term. Where practicable, the Organisation seeks to include such extension options exercisable by the Organisation to provide operational flexibility. The Organisation assesses at lease commencement date whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options. If the Organisation is not reasonably certain to exercise the extension options, the future lease payments during the extension periods are not included in the measurement of lease liabilities.

5) Lease liabilities

The following table shows the remaining contractual maturities of the Organisation's lease liabilities at the end of the current and previous reporting period:

		<u> 2024</u>		<u>20</u>	<u>23</u>
		Present value	Total	Present value	Total
		of lease	lease	of lease	lease
		payments	payments	<u>payments</u>	payments
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
	Within one year In the second to	1,450,998	1,559,772	1,372,200	1,559,772
	fifth year	1,058,484	1,088,807	2,512,331	2,648,579
		2,509,482	2,648,579	3,884,531	4,208,351
	Less: Total future	e interest			
	expenses		(139,097)		(323,820)
	Present value of l	ease liabilities	2,509,482		3,884,531
6)	General Fund				
				<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
				HK\$	HK\$
	Balance brought	forward		2,279,633	2,586,917
	Transfer from inc	ome and expend	iture statement	(439,179)	(307,284)
	Balance carried for	orward		1,840,454	2,279,633

7) Specific Funds

bpccific i didas					
		Balance As At 1/4/2023 HK\$		Net vement HK\$	Balance As At 31/3/2024 HK\$
Development & Emergency					
Fund	(a)	2,994,241		-	2,994,241
Staff Cost Fund	(b)	2,657,649		-	2,657,649
Protection of Angels Fund	(c)	25,104		-	25,104
Social Welfare Department					
Provident Fund Surplus					
Fund – Snapshot Staff	(d)	2,984	(679)	2,305
Social Welfare Department					
Provident Fund Surplus					
Fund -6.8% and				0.4.00.6	470 522
Other Posts	(d)	393,607		84,926	478,533
Dr. Jessica Ho Child					104061
Protection Memorial Fund	(e)	184,261		-	184,261
Ms. Eliza Yau Memorial		00.011	,	20 (00)	60 711
Fund	(f)	99,311	(30,600)	68,711
Lotteries Fund Block		64.001	,	(4.021)	
±	g) & 9	64,931	(64,931)	-
The HK Jockey Club					
Charities Trust	(1.)			3,753	3,753
Surplus Fund	(h)	-		3,733	5,155
Dr. Patricia Ip Foundation	(;)		10	417,367	10,417,367
Fund	(i)	_	10,	T17,507	
		6,422,088	10.	409,836	16,831,924
		,,			

a) Development & Emergency Fund

Allow the agency to use the fund for emergency purposes and to develop and implement projects not funded by major funding bodies.

b) Staff Cost Fund

To cover staff salary and honorarium in respect of services and functions not funded by major funding bodies.

c) Protection of Angels Fund

To subsidise activities/training courses for children and to provide assistance to children in need.

7) Specific Funds (Cont'd)

d) Social Welfare Department Provident Fund Surplus Fund

The fund represented overpayment of provident fund subvention from Social Welfare Department in prior years. From the year of 2016/2017, the agency had been paying one-off MPF to the qualified staff until exhausting of the surplus fund.

e) Dr. Jessica Ho Child Protection Memorial Fund

The fund was established in October 2017 to commemorate the former late director Dr. Jessica Ho to advance child protection work in Hong Kong.

f) Ms. Eliza Yau Memorial Fund

The fund was established in July, 2019 to commemorate the former late Executive Committee Member Ms. Eliza Yau for professional development and emergency assistance for child protection in Hong Kong.

g) Lotteries Fund Block Grant Surplus Fund

To cover the furniture and equipment replenishment and minor works expenditure during the year.

h) The HK Jockey Club Charities Trust Surplus Fund

The fund is designated to support the Healthy Start Home Visiting Project for three years from 1st April, 2023 to 31st March, 2026.

i) Dr. Patricia Ip Foundation Fund

The fund was donated by Dr. Patricia Ip, founding member and chairperson of Against Child Abuse, in May 2023. The use of donations on services and functions is designed and managed by the Management Committee of Against Child Abuse.

8) Capital Reserve

	<u>2024</u> HK\$	2023 HK\$
Balance brought forward Transfer to general fund	8,819,248 (10,114)	8,829,362 (10,114)
Balance carried forward	8,809,134	8,819,248

9) <u>Movement Of The Furniture & Equipment Replenishment And Minor Works Block</u> Grant Reserve

Chant Reserve	<u>2024</u> HK\$	2023 HK\$
Balance brought forward	64,931	51,066
Add: Block Grant received during the year Interest income received Other income	40,000 494 -	39,000 51 -
	105,425	90,117
Less: Expenditure during the year Minor Work Projects Furniture and Equipment Vehicle Overhauling	(72,070) (36,449)	(21,500) (3,686)
	(108,519)	(25,186)
	(3,094)	64,931
Contribution from NGO to cover the deficit	3,094	-
Balance carried forward	-	64,931

Capital Commitments

As at 31st March, 2024, the outstanding commitments in respect of Furniture & Equipment Replenishment and Mirror Works Grant were as follows:-

	<u>2024</u> HK\$	<u>2023</u> HK\$
Contracted for but not provided in the financial statement	-	-
Authorised but not contracted for	_	-
	-	-

10) Net Proceeds From Flag Day Fund Raising Activities

During the year ended 31st March, 2024, the Organisation held Flag Day fund raising activities in public places of New Territories region on 24th February, 2024.

(77 025
677 025
677,835
67,373)
610,462

The net proceeds raised from the Flag Day fund raising activities had been used for following items:-

		Percentage	HK\$
	 a) Operational cost for child protection services b) Mass programme, public education and staff training & development 	85%	518,895
		15%	91,567
		100%	610,462
11)	Project Income		
		2024 HK\$	<u>2023</u> HK\$
	Tuen Mun Summer Youth Programme - Tuen Mun District Youth Programme Committee	5,382	12,320
	Good Parents' Networking Project 2021 - 2022 - Save the Children Hong Kong Limited	an.	1,075,652
	Parent-child Support Line Project 2023 - Save the Children Hong Kong Limited	422,128	101,772
	ACA Kwai Chung Child Protection Centre (2019-2023) - Fu Tak Iam Foundation Limited	2,017,131	2,897,313
	ACA Kwai Chung Child Protection Centre (2024-2026) - Fu Tak Iam Foundation Limited	921,328	-

11) Project Income (Cont'd)		
	<u>2024</u> HK\$	<u>2023</u> HK\$
Rent Subsidy for Child Protection Service at Kwai Chung Centre - Fu Tak Iam Foundation Limited	694,452	694,452
Give Children the Best Start Home Visiting Project - BOCHK Centenary Charity Programme (Allocation via CCHK)	178,709	1,020,456
Dr. Patricia Ip Foundation Fund- Dr. Patricia Ip and Various Donors	10,596,789	-
「家戶相連・樂聚欣田」保護兒童嘉年華 - The Hong Kong Housing Authority	39,750	-
「同愛・童樂」保護兒童嘉年華 - The Hong Kong Housing Authority	50,000	-
	14,925,669	5,801,965
12) Staff Cost		
	<u>2024</u> HK\$	2023 HK\$
Salaries and allowances Staff training and development	11,245,669 38,958	10,645,516 18,489
	11,284,627	10,664,005

13)	Project Expenditure		<u>202</u> HK	_		2023 HK\$
	Social Welfare Development Block of Surplus Fund	Grant	64	1,931		-
	SWD Provident Fund Surplus Fund - Snapshot Staff - 6.8 % & other post		(679 376)		387
	Tuen Mun Summer Youth Programm Good Parents' Networking Project 20 Parent-child Support Line Project 20	021 - 2022		5,382 - 2,128		12,320 1,075,652 101,772
	ACA Kwai Chung Child Protection (2019-2023)	Centre	2,017	1000		2,897,313
	ACA Kwai Chung Child Protection Centre (2024-2026) Rent Subsidy for Child Protection Service at			,328		-
	Kwai Chung Centre Give Children the Best Start Home V			,452 ,709	,	694,452 1,020,456
	Ms. Eliza Yau Memorial Fund The HK Jockey Club Charities Trust			,600 -		5,500 159,356
	Dr. Patricia Ip Foundation Fund 「家戸相連・樂聚欣田」保護兒童嘉- 「同愛・童樂」保護兒童嘉年華	年華	39	,423 ,750 ,000		-
	·问发·里采」/休暖允里茄干辛		4,604		-	5,967,208
14)	Surplus/(Deficit) For The Year					
		Note	2024 HK\$	_		2023 HK\$
	General fund Specific funds Capital reserve	6 7 8	10,409	,179) ,836 ,114)	(307,284) 72,404) 10,114)
			9,960	,543	(389,802)

15) Executive Committee Members' Remuneration

No Executive Committee Members' remuneration have been paid/payable for the year disclosed pursuant to Section 383 of the Companies Ordinance for the year ended 31st March, 2023 and 2024.

16) Use of the Social Welfare Development Fund (SWDF) funded by Lotteries Fund			
	2024 HK\$	<u>2023</u> HK\$	
(a) Balance of SWDF brought forward:	-	-	
(b) Allocation from SWDF during the financial year:	1,150	- 445	
(c) Interest received during the financial year:	1,150		
	1,150	445	
(d) Expenditure under SWDF during the year: 1. Expenditure for projects under scope A	-	-	
Expenditure for projects under scope B (non-IT)	_	-	
3. Expenditure for projects under			
scope B (IT)	-	_	
4. Expenditure for projects under scope C	-	-	
5. Expenditure for administrative support			
Total expenditure during the financial year:		-	
(e) Amount subject to clawback by SWD: (Note)	1,150	445	
(f) Balance carried forward to the next financial year:			
(f) = (a) + (b) + (c) - (d) - (e)	-	-	
Note:			
Amount subject to clawback by SWD:			
Amount subject to clawback in 2020/21	189,115	189,115	
Amount subject to clawback in 2021/22	85	85	
Amount subject to clawback in 2022/23	445	445	
Amount subject to clawback in 2023/24	1,150	-	
	190,795	189,645	

The above expenditures under the SWDF have been incurred in accordance with the requirements stipulated in SWDF Guidance Notes for Application, SWD's approval letter(s) and the procurement of projects and services are in line with the procedures specified in the Lotteries Fund Manual.

17) Financial Instruments By Category

	2024 Loan and <u>receivable</u> HK\$	2023 Loan and receivable HK\$
Financial assets:-		
Deposits Accounts receivable Bank balance Cash balance	142,180 2,438,972 16,319,988 13,500 18,914,640	142,180 2,746,823 6,123,316 13,000 9,025,319
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:-		
	<u>2024</u> HK\$	2023 HK\$
Accounts payable	202,193	238,297
	202,193	238,297

18) Financial Risk Management

a) Credit Risk

The Organisation has no significant concentration of credit risks. There is no credit term for account receivables.

b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that available funds may not be sufficient to meet obligations as they fall due.

To ensure sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities and the ability to raise funds to meet exceptional needs, the Organisation maintains sufficient cash and marketable securities and invests primarily in liquid financial markets and instruments.

The Organisation employs projected cash flow analysis to manage liquidity risk by forecasting the amount of cash and required and monitoring the working capital of the Organisation to ensure that all liabilities due and known funding requirements can be met.

c) Market Risk

The Organisation has no significant concentration of interest rate, currency and equity price risks.

18) Financial Risk Management (Cont'd)

d) Fair Value

All financial instruments are carried at amounts not materially different from their fair value as at 31st March, 2023 and 2024.